

2018 ADJC RECIDIVISM FACT SHEET

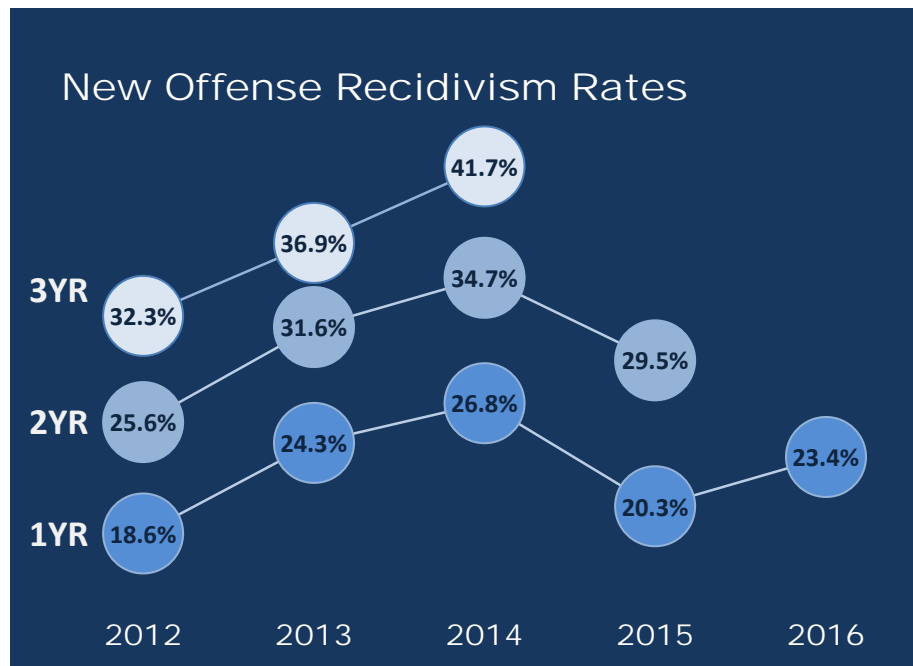
This fact sheet presents selected recidivism data for the 2012 – 2016 release cohorts. Recidivism, an outcome measure for the Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections (ADJC), is defined as *a return to custody with ADJC (consists of parole revocations and recommitments) or the Arizona Department of Corrections (ADC) following the release from a first time commitment to secure care.*

2016 One Year New Offense Recidivism Rate is 23.4%

214 Releases

50 Returns (42 as a juvenile (19.6%), 8 as an adult (3.7%))

Within three years of release, 58.3% of all juveniles did not recidivate with a new offense.

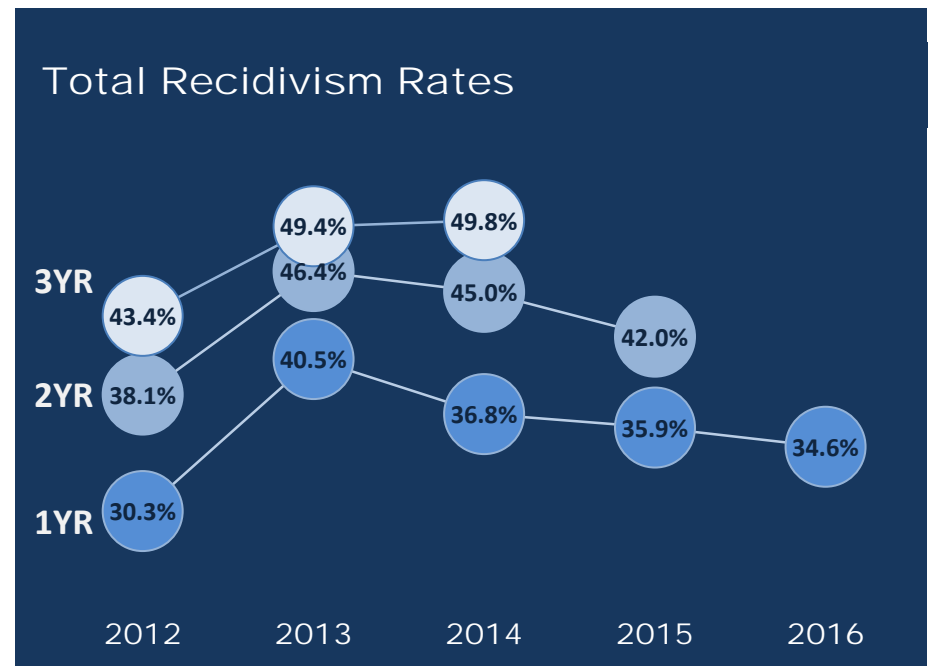


2016 One Year Total Recidivism Rate is 34.6%

214 Releases

74 Returns (66 as a juvenile (30.8%), 8 as an adult (3.7%))

Within three years of release, 50.2% of all juveniles did not recidivate with a new offense or a technical violation.



METHODOLOGY

The Continuous Improvement Bureau staff at ADJC track recidivism among juveniles (ages 14 through 18) released from the department. Recidivism is measured by the occurrence of a new, subsequent offense or technical violation leading to another commitment at one, two and three years following release from secure care. Offenses committed prior to the juvenile's first commitment to secure care are excluded. The date of admission to secure care is the date used to determine the date when the recidivism event occurred. The rate is calculated by dividing the number of juveniles in a specific cohort that were returned to custody within one, two, or three years by the total number of juveniles released in the respective cohort. Data required for calculating recidivism rates are maintained by the respective agencies that ADJC partners with including the ADC and the Arizona Department of Public Safety (DPS).