

Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections

# Annual Commitments: Demographic Data

Fiscal Year 2021



## INTRODUCTION

Juveniles referred to the juvenile court and subsequently adjudicated delinquent may receive several different dispositions, one being commitment to the Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections (ADJC). Commitment to the ADJC is governed by statute and the Arizona Code of Judicial Administration. Arizona Revised Statutes §8-342 (A) states, “A child under the age of fourteen years shall not be committed to the department of juvenile corrections nor shall a dependent or incorrigible child be awarded to the department of juvenile corrections.”

Arizona Code of Judicial Administration Part 6, Chapter 3, Section 6-304 Commitment Guidelines provides judges with the following guidelines:

1. When considering the commitment of a juvenile to the care and custody of ADJC, the juvenile court shall:
  - a. Only commit those juveniles who are adjudicated for a delinquent act and whom the court believes require placement in a secure care facility for the protection of the community;
  - b. Consider commitment to ADJC as a final opportunity for rehabilitation of the juvenile, as well as a way of holding the juvenile accountable for a serious delinquent act or acts;
  - c. Give special consideration to the nature of the offense, the level of risk the juvenile poses to the community, and whether appropriate, less restrictive alternatives to commitment exist within the community; and
  - d. Clearly identify, in the commitment order, the offense or offenses for which the juvenile is being committed and any other relevant factors that the court determines as reasons to consider the juvenile a risk to the community.
2. The juvenile court shall not consider juveniles for commitment to ADJC when charged with an incorrigible offense(s).

Of the juveniles adjudicated delinquent, very few meet criteria for and are committed to ADJC. It is the least frequently used disposition in juvenile court. In FY21, 130 youth received a disposition to and were received by ADJC. This report presents various demographic and key information about these youth.

## DEMOGRAPHIC DATA FOR NEW COMMITMENTS

<b>GENDER*</b>	<b>FY 2017</b>	<b>FY 2018</b>	<b>FY 2019</b>	<b>FY 2020</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Male	189 (94.5%)	175 (92.6%)	191 (91.8%)	186 (89.9%)	104 (80.0%)
Female	11 (5.5%)	14 (7.4%)	17 (8.2%)	21 (10.1%)	26 (20.0%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>200 (100%)</b>	<b>189 (100%)</b>	<b>208 (100%)</b>	<b>207 (100%)</b>	<b>130 (100%)</b>

\* Youth are counted by their biological gender.

<b>RACE/ETHNICITY</b>	<b>FY 2017</b>	<b>FY 2018</b>	<b>FY 2019</b>	<b>FY 2020</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Hispanic	94 (47.0%)	82 (43.4%)	94 (45.2%)	93 (44.9%)	56 (43.0%)
Caucasian	46 (23.0%)	36 (19.0%)	39 (18.8%)	42 (20.3%)	22 (16.9%)
African American	26 (13.0%)	31 (16.4%)	31 (14.9%)	31 (15.0%)	17 (13.1%)
American Indian	5 (2.5%)	5 (2.6%)	4 (1.9%)	8 (3.9%)	9 (6.9%)
Mexican National	14 (7.0%)	10 (5.3%)	3 (1.4%)	5 (2.4%)	2 (1.5%)
Bi-Racial	14 (7.0%)	23 (12.2%)	36 (17.3%)	28 (13.5%)	23 (17.7%)
Asian	1 (0.5%)	2 (1.1%)	1 (0.5%)	-	1 (0.8%)
Other	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>200 (100%)</b>	<b>189 (100%)</b>	<b>208 (100%)</b>	<b>207 (100%)</b>	<b>130 (100%)</b>

<b>AGE</b>	<b>FY 2017</b>	<b>FY 2018</b>	<b>FY 2019</b>	<b>FY 2020</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
13 years old or younger		-	-	-	-
14 years old	15 (7.5%)	20 (10.6%)	17 (8.2%)	18 (8.7%)	9 (6.9%)
15 years old	33 (16.5%)	41 (21.7%)	42 (20.2%)	40 (19.3%)	25 (19.2%)
16 years old	67 (33.5%)	52 (27.5%)	71 (34.1%)	69 (33.3%)	48 (36.9%)
17 years old	44 (22.0%)	37 (19.6%)	39 (18.8%)	54 (26.1%)	20 (15.4%)
17 years old > 6 month	41 (20.5%)	39 (20.6%)	37 (17.8%)	21 (10.1%)	25 (19.2%)
18 years old	-	-	2 (1.0%)	5 (2.4%)	3 (2.3%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>200 (100%)</b>	<b>189 (100%)</b>	<b>208 (100%)</b>	<b>207 (100%)</b>	<b>130 (100%)</b>

<b>COUNTY</b>	<b>FY 2017</b>	<b>FY 2018</b>	<b>FY 2019</b>	<b>FY 2020</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Apache	1 (0.5%)	-	3 (1.4%)	-	-
Cochise	21 (10.5%)	15 (7.9%)	7 (3.4%)	5 (2.4%)	4 (3.1%)
Coconino	2 (1.0%)	5 (2.6%)	4 (1.9%)	-	2 (1.5%)
Gila	2 (1.0%)	6 (3.2%)	5 (2.4%)	3 (1.4%)	1 (0.8%)
Graham	4 (2.0%)	3 (1.6%)	4 (1.9%)	5 (2.4%)	2 (1.5%)
Greenlee	2 (1.0%)	-	2 (1.0%)	1 (0.5%)	3 (2.3%)
La Paz	-	-	-	-	-
Maricopa	103 (51.5%)	110 (58.2%)	110 (52.9%)	113 (54.6%)	54 (41.5%)
Mohave	8 (4.0%)	12 (6.3%)	15 (7.2%)	16 (7.7%)	4 (3.1%)
Navajo	1 (0.5%)	2 (1.1%)	-	2 (1.0%)	1 (0.8%)
Pima	12 (6.0%)	7 (3.7%)	19 (9.1%)	17 (8.2%)	12 (9.2%)
Pinal	4 (2.0%)	8 (4.2%)	8 (3.8%)	3 (1.4%)	7 (5.4%)
Santa Cruz	5 (2.5%)	3 (1.6%)	7 (3.4%)	3 (1.4%)	-
Yavapai	13 (6.5%)	4 (2.1%)	8 (7.2%)	13 (6.3%)	7 (5.4%)
Yuma	22 (11.0%)	14 (7.4%)	16 (7.7%)	26 (12.6%)	33 (25.4%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>200 (100%)</b>	<b>189 (100%)</b>	<b>208 (100%)</b>	<b>207 (100%)</b>	<b>130 (100%)</b>

## DELINQUENCY DATA FOR NEW COMMITMENTS

Youth formally enter the juvenile court system when a referral is made. Referrals are submitted to the County Attorney alleging a youth between the ages of 8 and 17 years old committed a delinquent or incorrigible act. Referrals can be made by police, parents, school officials, probation officers, other agencies or individuals requesting the juvenile court take jurisdiction over the juvenile's conduct. In FY21, the majority of youth committed to ADJC had between 6 to 10 referrals prior to commitment to ADJC. Youth committed to ADJC frequently had multiple referrals result in petitions being filed and subsequent adjudications of delinquency. In FY21, the majority of commitments had 4-5 adjudications. Adjudications here are counted as those falling on separate dates and for criminal offenses only. Adjudications for technical probation violations are excluded. Of the most serious offenses resulting in commitment to ADJC, the most frequent were Class 6 felonies that were either property crimes or crimes against persons. If a youth is committed for probation violation, the most serious underlying offense is used.

NUMBER OF ADJUDICATIONS	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
1 Adjudication	30 (15.0%)	24 (12.7%)	16 (7.7%)	31 (15.0%)	23 (17.7%)
2-3 Adjudications	55 (27.5%)	56 (29.6%)	71 (34.1%)	89 (43.0%)	41 (31.5%)
4-5 Adjudications	67 (33.5%)	61 (32.3%)	66 (31.7%)	42 (20.2%)	45 (34.6%)
6-7 Adjudications	33 (16.5%)	36 (19.0%)	31 (14.9%)	34 (16.4%)	13 (10.0%)
8 or More	15 (7.5%)	12 (6.3%)	24 (11.5%)	11 (5.3%)	8 (6.2%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	200 (100%)	189 (100%)	208 (100%)	207 (100%)	130 (100%)

NUMBER OF REFERRALS	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
1 Referral	19 (9.5%)	13 (6.9%)	4 (1.9%)	11 (5.3%)	11 (8.5%)
2 Referrals	9 (4.5%)	6 (3.2%)	9 (4.3%)	9 (4.3%)	3 (2.3%)
3-5 Referrals	39 (19.5%)	25 (13.2%)	34 (16.3%)	36 (17.4%)	23 (17.7%)
6-10 Referrals	46 (23.0%)	58 (30.7%)	67 (32.2%)	61 (29.5%)	37 (28.5%)
11-15 Referrals	48 (24.0%)	40 (21.2%)	44 (21.2%)	52 (25.1%)	33 (25.4%)
16 or More	39 (19.5%)	47 (24.9%)	50 (24.0%)	38 (18.4%)	23 (17.7%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	200 (100%)	189 (100%)	208 (100%)	207 (100%)	130 (100%)

FELONY CLASS LEVEL	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Class 1 Felony	-	-	-	-	2 (1.5%)
Class 2 Felony	11 (5.5%)	20 (10.6%)	6 (2.9%)	15 (7.2%)	12 (9.2%)
Class 3 Felony	51 (25.5%)	34 (18.0%)	37 (17.8%)	40 (19.3%)	27 (20.8%)
Class 4 Felony	32 (16.0%)	26 (13.8%)	41 (19.7%)	38 (18.4%)	25 (19.2%)
Class 5 Felony	25 (12.5%)	12 (6.3%)	12 (5.8%)	18 (8.7%)	15 (11.5%)
Class 6 Felony	65 (32.5%)	79 (41.8%)	90 (43.3%)	86 (41.5%)	46 (35.4%)
Misdemeanor w/Prior Felonies	15 (7.5%)	16 (8.5%)	19 (9.1%)	9 (4.3%)	2 (1.5%)
Misdemeanor Only*	1 (0.5%)	2 (1.0%)	3 (1.4%)	1 (0.5%)	1 (0.8%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	200 (100%)	189 (100%)	208 (100%)	207 (100%)	130 (100%)

\*FY 2016 Criminal Justice Budget Reconciliation Bill (Laws 2015, Chapter 17) altered the requirements for admission to ADJC facilities requiring juveniles to have committed a felony in the past or be adjudicated as mentally ill if they have only committed a misdemeanor.

<b>MOST SERIOUS COMMITTING OFFENSE</b>	<b>FY 2017</b>	<b>FY 2018</b>	<b>FY 2019</b>	<b>FY 2020</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Property Offenses	72 (36.0%)	79 (41.8%)	76 (36.5%)	61 (29.5%)	40 (30.8%)
Crimes Against Persons	61 (30.5%)	54 (28.6%)	64 (30.8%)	62 (30.0%)	36 (27.7%)
Drug Offenses	39 (19.5%)	33 (17.5%)	27 (13.0%)	37 (17.9%)	28 (21.5%)
Public Order Offenses	18 (9.0%)	11 (5.8%)	23 (11.1%)	23 (11.1%)	15 (11.5%)
Weapons Offenses	5 (2.5%)	9 (4.8%)	9 (4.3%)	21 (10.1%)	6 (4.6%)
All Other Offenses	5 (2.5%)	3 (1.6%)	9 (4.3%)	3 (1.4%)	5 (3.8%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	200 (100%)	189 (100%)	208 (100%)	207 (100%)	130 (100%)

In most circumstances, ADJC has jurisdiction over youth until their 18th birthday per Ariz. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 8-202(G). However, if the state files a notice of intent to retain jurisdiction, then ADJC can retain jurisdiction over a youth who is at least seventeen until the youth's 19th birthday per Ariz. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 8-202(H). This law went into effect on August 3, 2018.

<b>New Commitments Subject to Extended Jurisdiction</b>					
<b>COUNTY</b>	<b>FY 2017</b>	<b>FY 2018</b>	<b>FY 2019</b>	<b>FY 2020</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Apache	-	-	-	-	-
Cochise	-	-	1 (9.1%)	-	-
Coconino	-	-	2 (18.2%)	-	-
Gila	-	-	-	-	1 (5.0%)
Graham	-	-	-	-	1 (5.0%)
Greenlee	-	-	-	-	1 (5.0%)
La Paz	-	-	-	-	1 (5.0%)
Maricopa	-	-	4 (36.4%)	9 (75.0%)	15 (75.0%)
Mohave	-	-	3 (27.3%)	2 (16.7%)	1 (5.0%)
Navajo	-	-	-	-	-
Pima	-	-	1 (9.1%)	1 (8.3%)	3 (15.0%)
Pinal	-	-	-	-	-
Santa Cruz	-	-	-	-	-
Yavapai	-	-	-	-	-
Yuma	-	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTALS</b>	-	-	11 (100%)	12 (100%)	20 (100%)

## OTHER IMPORTANT NEW COMMITMENT DATA

For this report, significant mental illness statistics represent youth who have been diagnosed by a qualified ADJC mental health professional as having a psychiatric disorder that causes significant functional impairment requiring structured psychiatric and/or psychological services provided in a specialized mental health unit or moderate functional impairment requiring frequent psychiatric and/or psychology services and possible monitoring. Substance problems indicate youth who have been assessed by a qualified ADJC mental health professional as having a substance use disorder(s), varying in degree, which requires treatment on a specialty unit or part of core programs.

Special education statistics represent new commits with a disability that receive specialized services addressing their educational needs based on their Individualized Education Plan.

Dually involved youth are those who are involved in both in both the dependency and juvenile justice systems. Here, dually involved youth are those whose responsible party at the time of commitment was a Department of Child Safety (DCS) official or Tribal Caseworker rather than a parent or other guardian.

About 32 percent of the youth committed to ADJC in FY21 were identified as being gang-involved. These youth met the criteria for and were a validated documented gang member in GangNet, a cross-jurisdictional gang intelligence database, before or at the time of commitment.

ADJC uses the AZYAS (Arizona Youth Assessment System) to determine overall risk to recidivate. The AZYAS contains validated tools developed by the University of Cincinnati that are utilized in juvenile probation as well. Risk levels reflected in the table below are from the time of intake assessed through the Residential tool. The majority of juveniles committed to ADJC are moderate or high risk to recidivate.

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
Significant Mental Illness	92 (46.0%)	59 (31.2%)	84 (40.4%)	103 (49.7%)	72 (55.4%)
Substance Problems	166 (83.0%)	160 (84.7%)	176 (84.6%)	177 (85.5%)	107 (82.3%)
Special Education	60 (30.0%)	47 (24.9%)	48 (23.1%)	53 (25.6%)	38 (29.2%)
Dually Involved	34 (17.0%)	51 (27.0%)	43 (20.7%)	41 (19.8%)	22 (16.9%)
Gang Involved	90 (45.0%)	92 (48.7%)	95 (45.7%)	100 (48.3%)	42 (32.3%)
Risk (AZYAS)					
Low	41 (20.5%)	24 (12.8%)	31 (14.9%)	38 (18.4%)	20 (15.4%)
Moderate	87 (43.5%)	96 (51.3%)	106 (51.0%)	81 (39.1%)	45 (34.6%)
High	72 (36.0%)	67 (35.8%)	71 (34.1%)	88 (42.5%)	65 (50.0%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	200	189	208	207	130

## TOTAL ADJC POPULATION

Total Number of Juveniles in ADJC Secure Care Custody*					
	As of 6/30/2017	As of 6/30/2018	As of 6/30/2019	As of 6/30/2020	As of 6/30/2021
Males	166	167	199	201	130
Females	16	9	17	16	18
Adobe Mountain School Total	182	176	216	217	148
TOTALS	182	176	216	217	148

\*Includes new commitments, re-commitments, parole revoked, and pending revocation juveniles.

Total Number of Juveniles on Parole					
	As of 6/30/2017	As of 6/30/2018	As of 6/30/2019	As of 6/30/2020	As of 6/30/2021
Home	26	30	27	48	54
Abscond	7	4	8	9	11
Residential Treatment Center	8	5	7	9	7
TOTALS	41	39	42	66	72

Statistics presented in the Interstate-In represent youth subject to the Interstate Compact being supervised in the state of AZ. The compacting states to this Interstate Compact recognize that each state is responsible for the proper supervision or return of juveniles, delinquents and status offenders who are on probation or parole. It is the purpose of this compact, through means of joint and cooperative action among the compacting states, to ensure that the adjudicated juveniles and status offenders subject to this compact are provided adequate supervision and services in the receiving state as ordered by the adjudicating judge or parole authority in the sending state.

Total Number of Interstate-In					
	As of 6/30/2017	As of 6/30/2018	As of 6/30/2019	As of 6/30/2020	As of 6/30/2021
Males	80	61	54	62	50
Females	22	16	11	11	11
TOTALS	102	77	65	73	61

## LENGTH OF STAY

Although most juveniles committed to the Arizona Department of Juvenile Corrections (ADJC) receive a court-ordered minimum length of stay by a juvenile court judge, the Department has the discretion to keep a juvenile until they have completed their appropriate program or until they reach the age of majority. The tables below indicate the average length of time a juvenile remained in ADJC's jurisdiction within each status.

### AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY SERVED BY STATUS IN MONTHS

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
<b>New Commitment</b> (secure care)	8.3	7.7	9.2	10.7	9.5
<b>Parole Revoked</b> (secure care)	4.8	5.3	5.9	6.7	6.3
<b>Parole (community)</b>	3.5	3.2	3.9	3.7	4.0

### MEDIAN LENGTH OF STAY SERVED BY STATUS IN MONTHS

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
<b>New Commitment</b> (secure care)	6.4	6.5	7.9	8.8	8.2
<b>Parole Revoked</b> (secure care)	3.9	4.6	5.4	6.8	6.5
<b>Parole (community)</b>	2.8	2.3	3.4	2.8	3.0

#### Secure Care – New Commitment

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
<b>30 Days or Less</b>	7 (3.7%)	2 (1.0%)	-	-	13 (5.9%)
<b>31-90 Days</b>	11 (5.9%)	13 (6.8%)	9 (5.4%)	5 (2.5%)	8 (3.6%)
<b>91-150 Days</b>	36 (19.1%)	34 (17.7%)	23 (13.7%)	17 (8.4%)	20 (9.1%)
<b>151-210 Days</b>	53 (28.2%)	61 (31.8%)	33 (19.6%)	31 (15.3%)	34 (15.5%)
<b>211-270 Days</b>	23 (12.2%)	32 (16.7%)	44 (26.2%)	41 (20.1%)	60 (27.3%)
<b>271-365 Days</b>	21 (11.2%)	25 (13.0%)	27 (16.1%)	43 (21.2%)	42 (19.1%)
<b>Over 365 Days</b>	37 (19.7%)	25 (13.0%)	32 (19.0%)	66 (32.5%)	48 (21.8%)

#### Secure Care – Parole Revoked

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021
<b>30 Days or Less</b>	16 (11.4%)	8 (9.2%)	2 (2.8%)	3 (3.6%)	4 (6.5%)
<b>31-90 Days</b>	24 (17.1%)	13 (14.9%)	12 (16.7%)	15 (18.1%)	8 (12.9%)
<b>91-150 Days</b>	54 (38.6%)	27 (31.0%)	18 (25.0%)	9 (10.8%)	9 (14.5%)
<b>151-210 Days</b>	21 (15.0%)	19 (21.8%)	18 (25.0%)	15 (18.1%)	15 (24.2%)
<b>211-270 Days</b>	7 (5.0%)	11 (12.6%)	11 (15.3%)	17 (20.5%)	13 (21.0%)
<b>271-365 Days</b>	12 (8.6%)	3 (3.4%)	6 (8.3%)	19 (22.9%)	10 (16.1%)
<b>Over 365 Days</b>	6 (4.3%)	6 (6.9%)	5 (6.9%)	5 (6.0%)	3 (4.8%)



## DISCHARGES

A discharge occurs when a youth is released from ADJC custody. Discharge can occur for different reasons, such as the youth may become an adult, in which case ADJC loses jurisdiction, or the youth may be discharged to the adult court for adult charges, or may have earned an absolute discharge. An absolute discharge means ADJC has granted an end to the juvenile's commitment to ADJC, and they are released from ADJC's jurisdiction.

<b>DISCHARGES</b>	<b>FY 2017</b>	<b>FY 2018</b>	<b>FY 2019</b>	<b>FY 2020</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Turned 18 or 19	169 (69.8%)	150 (76.1%)	123 (74.1%)	140 (76.9%)	146 (78.5%)
Absolute Discharge	43 (17.8%)	14 (7.1%)	23 (13.9%)	13 (7.1%)	18 (9.7%)
Discharged to Adult Jurisdiction	17 (7.0%)	15 (7.6%)	17 (10.2%)	24 (13.2%)	14 (7.5%)
ICE Discharge	10 (4.1%)	16 (8.1%)	2 (1.2%)	2 (1.1%)	2 (1.1%)
Other	3 (1.2%)	2 (1.0%)	1 (0.6%)	3 (1.6%)	6 (3.2%)
<b>TOTALS</b>	242 (100%)	197 (100%)	166 (100%)	182 (100%)	186 (100%)



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